

Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Issue date: 05/06/2020 Revision date: 11/17/2020 Version: 2.0

## **SECTION 1: Identification**

Identification 1.1.

Product form : Mixture

WELD-ON® 1001 Solvent Cement for Rigid or Flexible Vinyl Product name

Recommended use and restrictions on use

Use of the substance/mixture : Adhesives, sealants

: No additional information available Restrictions on use

1.3. Supplier

Supplier Manufacturer **IPS** Corporation **IPS** Adhesives 600 Ellis Road 17109 South Main Street

Gardena, CA 90248-3127 - USA Durham, NC 27703 - USA T 310-898-3300 T 1-919-598-2400

www.ipscorp.com

**Emergency telephone number** 

Emergency number : CHEMTEL 800-255-3924 / +1 813-248-0585 (International)

## SECTION 2: Hazard(s) identification

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

### **GHS** classification

Flammable liquids, Category 2 Skin corrosion/irritation. Category 2

Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 2A

Carcinogenicity, Category 2

Reproductive toxicity, Category 2

Specific target organ toxicity — Single exposure, Category 3, Narcosis Specific target organ toxicity — Repeated exposure, Category 2

Full text of H statements: see section 16

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H351 Suspected of causing cancer.

H361 Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

## GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

## **GHS-US** labelling

Hazard pictograms (GHS)







Signal word (GHS) : Danger

Hazard statements (GHS\_US) H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

> H315 - Causes skin irritation. H319 - Causes serious eye irritation. H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H351 - Suspected of causing cancer.

H361 - Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Precautionary statements (GHS) : P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No

smokina.

P233 - Keep container tightly closed.

P240 - Ground/bond container and receiving equipment

P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment.

P242 - Use only non-sparking tools.

P243 - Take precautionary measures against static discharge. P260 - Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. P261 - Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. P264 - Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling.

P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

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P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P302+P352 - If on skin: Wash with plenty of water.

P303+P361+P353 - If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.

P304+P340 - If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. P305+P351+P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove

contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P308+P313 - If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

P312 - Call a poison center/doctor if you feel unwell

P314 - Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

P321 - Specific treatment (see supplemental first aid instruction on this label).

P332+P313 - If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
P337+P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
P362+P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

P370+P378 - In case of fire: Use media other than water to extinguish. P403+P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P403+P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

P405 - Store locked up.

P501 - Dispose of contents/container to hazardous or special waste collection point, in accordance with local, regional, national and/or international regulation.

### 2.3. Other hazards which do not result in classification

No additional information available

## 2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS\_US)

28.5% of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity (Oral)

28.5% of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity (Dermal)

28.5% of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity (Inhalation (Dust/Mist))

## **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

### 3.1. Substances

Not applicable

### 3.2. Mixtures

Name	Product identifier	%	GHS classification
2-Butanone	(CAS-No.) 78-93-3	45 - 65	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2A, H319 STOT SE 3, H336
Toluene	(CAS-No.) 108-88-3	10 - 20	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Repr. 2, H361 STOT SE 3, H336 STOT RE 2, H373 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412
1,2-epoxybutane	(CAS-No.) 106-88-7	0.5 - 1	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 Acute Tox. 4 (Dermal), H312 Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation), H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2A, H319 Carc. 2, H351 STOT SE 3, H335 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

<sup>\*</sup>Chemical name, CAS number and/or exact concentration have been withheld as a trade secret

Full text of hazard classes and H-statements : see section 16

## **SECTION 4: First-aid measures**

## 4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures general : Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical

advice (show the label where possible).

First-aid measures after inhalation : Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON

CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell.

First-aid measures after skin contact : Wash skin thoroughly with mild soap and water. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it

before reuse. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

First-aid measures after eye contact : Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to

do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

First-aid measures after ingestion : Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

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### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects (acute and delayed)

Symptoms/effects : Suspected of causing cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. May cause

damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Symptoms/effects after inhalation : May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Nausea. Headache.

Symptoms/effects after skin contact : Causes skin irritation. Repeated or prolonged skin contact may cause dermatitis and defatting.

Symptoms/effects after eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.
Symptoms/effects after ingestion : Nausea. Vomiting. Mental confusion.

### 4.3. Immediate medical attention and special treatment, if necessary

Treat symptomatically.

## **SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures**

## 5.1. Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Foam. Dry powder. Carbon dioxide. Water spray. Sand.

Unsuitable extinguishing media : Do not use a heavy water stream.

## 5.2. Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Fire hazard : Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Flammable vapours may accumulate in the container.

Heavier than air, vapours may travel long distances along ground, ignite and flash back to source. Thermal decomposition may produce: Carbon oxides (CO, CO2), Hydrogen chloride,

smoke, Chlorine.

Explosion hazard : May form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture. Heat may build pressure, rupturing closed

containers, spreading fire and increasing risk of burns and injuries.

Reactivity : No dangerous reactions known under normal conditions of use.

## 5.3. Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

Firefighting instructions : Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. Exercise caution when fighting any

chemical fire. Prevent fire fighting water from entering the environment.

Protection during firefighting : Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.

Wear a self contained breathing apparatus. Wear fire/flame resistant/retardant clothing.

## **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General measures : Remove ignition sources. Use special care to avoid static electric charges. No open flames. No

smoking. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Do not breathe aerosol. Do not breathe

vapour. Use personal protective equipment as required.

6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

Protective equipment : Refer to section 8.2.

Emergency procedures : Evacuate unnecessary personnel.

6.1.2. For emergency responders

Protective equipment : Refer to section 8.2. Emergency procedures : Ventilate area.

## 6.2. Environmental precautions

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters.

## 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For containment : Contain any spills with dikes or absorbents to prevent migration and entry into sewers or

streams.

Methods for cleaning up : Soak up spills with inert solids, such as clay or diatomaceous earth as soon as possible. Collect

spillage. Use steel container.

Other information : Do not use zinc, aluminum, or plastic containers.

## 6.4. Reference to other sections

See Heading 8. Exposure controls and personal protection.

## **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

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Precautions for safe handling : Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work. Provide good ventilation in process area to prevent formation

of vapour. No open flames. No smoking. Use only non-sparking tools. Avoid contact with skin, EN (English) 3/11

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eyes and clothing. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe aerosol. Do

not breathe vapours. Wear personal protective equipment.

Hygiene measures : Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

## 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Technical measures : Proper grounding procedures to avoid static electricity should be followed. Ground/bond

container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting

equipment.

Storage conditions : Keep only in the original container. Keep in fireproof place. Keep container tightly closed.

Incompatible products : Strong bases. Strong oxidizers. amines. ammonia. Caustic products.

Isocyanates.

Incompatible materials : Sources of ignition. Direct sunlight. Heat sources.

Storage temperature : 5 – 43 °C

Storage area : Store in dry, cool, well-ventilated area. Store in a dark area.

## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

## 8.1. Control parameters

Toluene (108-88-3)			
ACGIH	Local name	Toluene	
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	20 ppm	
ACGIH	Remark (ACGIH)	TLV® Basis: Visual impair; female repro; pregnancy loss. Notations: A4 (Not classifiable as a Human Carcinogen); BEI	
ACGIH	Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2020	
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	200 ppm	
OSHA	OSHA PEL C [ppm]	300 ppm	
OSHA	Acceptable maximum peak above the acceptable ceiling concentration for an 8-hr shift	500 ppm 10 mins.	
OSHA	Remark (OSHA)	(Acceptable maximum peak above the acceptable ceiling concentration for an 8-hr shift: 500 ppm 10 minutes)	
OSHA	Regulatory reference (US-OSHA)	OSHA Annotated Table Z-2	
NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³)	375 mg/m³	
NIOSH	NIOSH REL TWA [ppm]	100 ppm	
NIOSH	NIOSH REL (STEL) (mg/m³)	560 mg/m³	
NIOSH	NIOSH REL STEL [ppm]	150 ppm	
2-Butanone (78-93	-3)		
ACGIH	Local name	Methyl ethyl ketone (MEK)	
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m³)	590 mg/m³	
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	200 ppm	
ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (mg/m³)	885 mg/m³	
ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	300 ppm	
ACGIH	Remark (ACGIH)	URT irr; CNS & PNS impair	
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	590 mg/m³	
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	200 ppm	
NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³)	590 mg/m³	
NIOSH	NIOSH REL TWA [ppm]	200 ppm	
NIOSH	NIOSH REL (STEL) (mg/m³)	885 mg/m³	
NIOSH	NIOSH REL STEL [ppm]	300 ppm	

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## 1,2-epoxybutane (106-88-7)

Not applicable

### 8.2. Appropriate engineering controls

Appropriate engineering controls : Avoid creating mist or spray. Avoid splashing. Emergency eye wash fountains and safety

showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure. Ensure good

ventilation of the work station. Provide local exhaust or general room ventilation.

Environmental exposure controls : Prevent leakage or spillage.

### 8.3. Individual protection measures/Personal protective equipment

### Personal protective equipment:

Avoid all unnecessary exposure.

### Hand protection:

Wear suitable gloves resistant to chemical penetration. Butyl rubber gloves

## Eye protection:

Chemical goggles. If there is a risk of liquid being splashed: face shield

## Respiratory protection:

In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection. Approved organic vapour respirator. Appropriate dust or mist respirator should be used if airborne particles are generated when handling this material. In confined space use self-contained breathing apparatus

### Other information:

Do not eat, drink or smoke during use.

## **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

## 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Liquid
Appearance : milky. Syrupy.
Colour : Colourless
Odour : ketone

Odour threshold : No data available pH : No data available Melting point : No data available Freezing point : No data available Boiling point : No data available Flash point : No data available Flash point : No data available

Relative evaporation rate (butylacetate=1) : > 1

Flammability (solid, gas) : No data available Vapour pressure : No data available

Relative vapour density at 20 °C : > 2

Relative density : 0.931 @ 23 °C

Solubility : No data available

Log Pow : No data available

Auto-ignition temperature : No data available

Decomposition temperature : No data available

Viscosity, kinematic : ~ 429 mm²/s @ 23 °C (calculated) Viscosity, dynamic : 400 (400 – 600) cP @ 23 °C

Explosive limits : No data available Explosive properties : No data available Oxidising properties : No data available

9.2. Other information

VOC content : ≤ 660 g/l

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## **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

#### 10.1. Reactivity

No dangerous reactions known under normal conditions of use.

## **Chemical stability**

Stable under normal conditions.

#### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

#### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Direct sunlight. Extremely high or low temperatures. Open flame.

#### 10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong bases. Strong acids. Strong oxidizers. amines. ammonia. Caustic products. Isocyanates.

## Hazardous decomposition products

None under normal use.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information		
11.1. Information on toxicological effects		
Acute toxicity (oral)	: Not classified	
Acute toxicity (dermal)	: Not classified	
Acute toxicity (inhalation)	Not classified	
Unknown acute toxicity (GHS_US)	28.5% of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity (Oral) 28.5% of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity (Dermal) 28.5% of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity (Inhalation (Dust/Mist))	
Toluene (108-88-3)		
LD50 oral rat	5580 mg/kg EU Method B.	
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	> 20 mg/l/4h OECD Guideline 403	
ATE (oral)	5580 mg/kg bodyweight	
2-Butanone (78-93-3)		
LD50 oral rat	3460 mg/kg	
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg	
ATE (oral)	3460 mg/kg bodyweight	
1,2-epoxybutane (106-88-7)		
LD50 oral rat	1100 μl/kg	
ATE (oral)	500 mg/kg bodyweight	
ATE (dermal)	1100 mg/kg bodyweight	
ATE (gases)	4500 ppmv/4h	
ATE (vapours)	11 mg/l/4h	
ATE (dust,mist)	1.5 mg/l/4h	
Skin corrosion/irritation	: Causes skin irritation.	
Serious eye damage/irritation	: Causes serious eye irritation.	
Respiratory or skin sensitisation	: Not classified	
Germ cell mutagenicity	: Not classified	
Carcinogenicity	: Suspected of causing cancer.	
Toluene (108-88-3)		
IARC group	3 - Not classifiable	
1,2-epoxybutane (106-88-7)		
IARC group	2B - Possibly carcinogenic to humans	
Reproductive toxicity	Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.	
•	: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.	
Toluene (108-88-3)		
STOT-single exposure	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.	
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2-Butanone (78-93-3)		
STOT-single exposure	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.	
1,2-epoxybutane (106-88-7)		
STOT-single exposure	May cause respiratory irritation.	
STOT-repeated exposure	: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.	
Toluene (108-88-3)		
LOAEC (inhalation, rat, gas, 90 days)	1250 ppmv/6h/day	
NOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	625 mg/kg bodyweight/day EU Method B.26.	
NOAEC (inhalation, rat, gas, 90 days)	300 ppmv/6h/day OECD Guideline 453	
STOT-repeated exposure	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.	
Aspiration hazard	: Not classified	
Viscosity, kinematic	: ~ 429 mm²/s @ 23 °C (calculated)	
Likely routes of exposure	: Inhalation. Skin and eye contact.	
Symptoms/effects	: Suspected of causing cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.	
Symptoms/effects after inhalation	: May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Nausea. Headache.	
Symptoms/effects after skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. Repeated or prolonged skin contact may cause dermatitis and defatting.	
Symptoms/effects after eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.	
Symptoms/effects after ingestion	: Nausea. Vomiting. Mental confusion.	

## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

## 12.1. Toxicity

Toluene (108-88-3)		
LC50 fish 1	5.5 mg/l	
EC50 Daphnia 2	3.78 mg/l	
ErC50 (algae)	134 mg/l	
LOEC (chronic)	2.77 mg/l	
NOEC chronic fish	1.39 mg/l	
NOEC chronic crustacea	0.74 mg/l	
2-Butanone (78-93-3)		
LC50 fish 1	1587 mg/l	
EC50 crustacea	308 mg/l	
1,2-epoxybutane (106-88-7)		
LC50 fish 1	> 100 mg/l 96 h	
EC50 crustacea	70 mg/l 48 h	
ErC50 (algae)	> 500 mg/l 72 h	

## 12.2. Persistence and degradability

Toluene (108-88-3)	
Persistence and degradability	Readily biodegradable.
2-Butanone (78-93-3)	
Persistence and degradability	Readily biodegradable.
1,2-epoxybutane (106-88-7)	
Persistence and degradability	Readily biodegradable.

## 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Toluene (108-88-3)	
Bioconcentration factor (BCF REACH)	90
Log Kow	2.73
1,2-epoxybutane (106-88-7)	
Log Pow	0.86

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### 12.4. Mobility in soil

No additional information available

### 12.5. Other adverse effects

Other information : Avoid release to the environment.

## **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

### 13.1. Disposal methods

Sewage disposal recommendations : Do not dispose of waste into sewer.

Waste disposal recommendations : Dispose in a safe manner in accordance with local/national regulations.

Additional information : Handle empty containers with care because residual vapours are flammable.

Ecology - waste materials : Hazardous waste.

## **SECTION 14: Transport information**

## **Department of Transportation (DOT)**

In accordance with DOT

Transport document description : UN1133 ADHESIVES, 3, II

UN-No.(DOT) : UN1133
Proper Shipping Name (DOT) : ADHESIVES

Transport hazard class(es) (DOT) : 3 - Class 3 - Flammable and combustible liquid 49 CFR 173.120

Packing group (DOT) : II - Medium Danger Hazard labels (DOT) : 3 - Flammable liquid



: 173

: 242

DOT Packaging Non Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx)
DOT Packaging Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx)

DOT Special Provisions (49 CFR 172.102)

: 149 - When transported as a limited quantity or a consumer commodity, the maximum net capacity specified in 173.150(b)(2) of this subchapter for inner packagings may be increased to 5 L (1.3 gallons).

383 - Packages containing toy plastic or paper caps for toy pistols described as "UN0349, Articles, explosive, n.o.s. (Toy caps), 1.4S" or "NA0337, Toy caps, 1.4S" are not subject to the subpart E (labeling) requirements of this part when offered for transportation by motor vehicle, rail freight, cargo vessel, and cargo aircraft and, notwithstanding the packing method assigned in §173.62 of this subchapter, in conformance with the following conditions:

B52 - Notwithstanding the provisions of 173.24b of this subchapter, non-reclosing pressure relief devices are authorized on DOT 57 portable tanks.

IB2 - Authorized IBCs: Metal (31A, 31B and 31N); Rigid plastics (31H1 and 31H2); Composite (31HZ1). Additional Requirement: Only liquids with a vapor pressure less than or equal to 110 kPa at 50 C (1.1 bar at 122 F), or 130 kPa at 55 C (1.3 bar at 131 F) are authorized.

T4 - 2.65 178.274(d)(2) Normal..... 178.275(d)(3)

TP1 - The maximum degree of filling must not exceed the degree of filling determined by the following: Degree of filling = 97 / (1 + a (tr - tf)) Where: tr is the maximum mean bulk temperature during transport, and tf is the temperature in degrees celsius of the liquid during filling

TP8 - A portable tank having a minimum test pressure of 1.5 bar (150 kPa) may be used when the flash point of the hazardous material transported is greater than 0 C (32 F).

DOT Packaging Exceptions (49 CFR 173.xxx) : 150 DOT Quantity Limitations Passenger aircraft/rail : 5 L

(49 CFR 173.27)

DOT Quantity Limitations Cargo aircraft only (49 : 60 L

CFR 175.75)

DOT Vessel Stowage Location

: B - (i) The material may be stowed "on deck" or "under deck" on a cargo vessel and on a passenger vessel carrying a number of passengers limited to not more than the larger of 25 passengers, or one passenger per each 3 m of overall vessel length; and (ii) "On deck only" on

passenger vessels in which the number of passengers specified in paragraph (k)(2)(i) of this

section is exceeded.

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Emergency Response Guide (ERG) Number : 128

Other information : No supplementary information available.

Transport by sea

Transport document description (IMDG) : UN 1133 ADHESIVES, 3, II

UN-No. (IMDG) : 1133
Proper Shipping Name (IMDG) : ADHESIVES

Class (IMDG) : 3 - Flammable liquids

Packing group (IMDG) : II - substances presenting medium danger

Limited quantities (IMDG) : 5 L

Air transport

Transport document description (IATA) : UN 1133 ADHESIVES, 3, II

UN-No. (IATA) : 1133

Proper Shipping Name (IATA) : ADHESIVES

Class (IATA) : 3 - Flammable Liquids
Packing group (IATA) : II - Medium Danger

## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

## 15.1. US Federal regulations

All components of this product are listed, or excluded from listing, on the United States Environmental Protection Agency Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) inventory

luene	

Subject to reporting requirements of United States SARA Section 313

Listed on EPA Hazardous Air Pollutant (HAPS)

CERCLA RQ 1000 lb

## 2-Butanone (78-93-3)

Not subject to reporting requirements of the United States SARA Section 313

Listed on EPA Hazardous Air Pollutant (HAPS)

CERCLA RQ 5000 lb

## 1,2-epoxybutane (106-88-7)

Subject to reporting requirements of United States SARA Section 313

CERCLA RQ 100 lb

## 15.2. International regulations

### **CANADA**

### Toluene (108-88-3)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List) inventory.

## 2-Butanone (78-93-3)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List) inventory.

## 1,2-epoxybutane (106-88-7)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List) inventory.

## **EU-Regulations**

### Toluene (108-88-3)

Listed on the EEC inventory EINECS (European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances)

## 1,2-epoxybutane (106-88-7)

Listed on the EEC inventory EINECS (European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances)

## National regulations

## Toluene (108-88-3)

Listed on IECSC (Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China)

Listed on NZIoC (New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals)

Listed on PICCS (Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances)

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## Toluene (108-88-3)

Listed on Taiwan National Chemical Inventory

Listed on the AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances)

Listed on the Japanese ENCS (Existing & New Chemical Substances) inventory

Listed on KECL/KECI (Korean Existing Chemicals Inventory)

## 1,2-epoxybutane (106-88-7)

Listed on IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer)

Listed on IECSC (Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China)

Listed on the Chinese Catalog of Hazardous Chemicals.

Listed on Taiwan National Chemical Inventory

Listed on the Japanese ENCS (Existing & New Chemical Substances) inventory

Listed on PICCS (Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances)

Listed on the AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances)

Listed on NZIoC (New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals)

Listed on KECL/KECI (Korean Existing Chemicals Inventory)

## 15.3. US State regulations

**MARNING:** 

This product can expose you to Benzene, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Component	Carcinogenicity	Developmental toxicity	Reproductive toxicity male	Reproductive toxicity female	No significant risk level (NSRL)	Maximum allowable dose level (MADL)
Toluene(108-88-3)		Х				7000 µg/day
ethylbenzene(100-41- 4)	Х				54 μg/day (inhalation); 41 μg/day (oral)	
Benzene(71-43-2)	X	X	X		6.4 μg/day (oral); 13 μg/day (inhalation)	24 µg/day (oral); 49 µg/day (inhalation)
cumene(98-82-8)	Х					
acetaldehyde; ethanal(75-07-0)	Х				90 µg/day (inhalation)	
vinyl chloride(75-01-4)	Х				3 μg/day	

Component	State or local regulations
Toluene(108-88-3)	U.S Delaware - Pollutant Discharge Requirements - Reportable Quantities; U.S Massachusetts - Right To Know List; U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List; U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List
2-Butanone(78-93-3)	U.S Delaware - Pollutant Discharge Requirements - Reportable Quantities; U.S Idaho - Non-Carcinogenic Toxic Air Pollutants - Acceptable Ambient Concentrations; U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List; U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List
1,2-epoxybutane(106-88-7)	U.S Idaho - Non-Carcinogenic Toxic Air Pollutants - Acceptable Ambient Concentrations; U.S Maine - Air Pollutants - Hazardous Air Pollutants; U.S Massachusetts - Right To Know List; U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List; U.S New York - Reporting of Releases Part 597 - List of Hazardous Substances; U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List

## **SECTION 16: Other information**

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Revision date : 11/17/2020

Data sources : National Fire Protection Association. Fire Protection Guide to Hazardous Materials; 10th

edition. ACGIH (American Conference of Government Industrial Hygienists). European

Standards: Personal Protective Equipment; accessed at:

http://ec.europa.eu/enterprise/policies/european-standards/harmonised-standards/personal-

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## Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

protective-equipment/index\_en.htm. OSHA 29CFR 1910.1200 Hazard Communication Standard. Chemical Inspection & Regulation Service; accessed at: http://www.cirsreach.com/Inventory/Global\_Chemical\_Inventories.html. Krister Forsberg and S.Z. Mansdorf, "Quick Selection Guide to Chemical Protective Clothing", Fifth Edition. European Chemicals Agency (ECHA) Registered Substances list. Accessed at http://echa.europa.eu/. Manufacturer Information. European Chemicals Agency (ECHA) C&L Inventory database. Accessed at http://echa.europa.eu/web/guest/information-on-chemicals/cl-inventory-database. TSCA Chemical Substance Inventory. Accessed at

http://www.epa.gov/oppt/existingchemicals/pubs/tscainventory/howto.html. REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008 OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, amending and repealing Directives 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC, and amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006.

Other information : None.

### Full text of H-statements:

Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
Harmful if swallowed.
May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Harmful in contact with skin.
Causes skin irritation.
Causes serious eye irritation.
Harmful if inhaled.
May cause respiratory irritation.
May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Suspected of causing cancer.
Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

## Abbreviations and acronyms:

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	ACGIH (American Conference of Government Industrial Hygienists)	
	ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate	
	CAS (Chemical Abstracts Service) number	
	CLP: Classification, Labelling, Packaging.	
	GHS: Globally Harmonized System (of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals	
	LD50: Lethal Dose for 50% of the test population	
LC50	Median lethal concentration	
	TWA: Time Weighted Average	
	STEL: Short Term Exposure Limits	
VOC	Volatile Organic Compounds	

NFPA health hazard

: 2 - Materials that, under emergency conditions, can cause temporary incapacitation or residual injury.

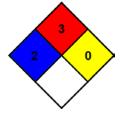
NFPA fire hazard

: 3 - Liquids and solids (including finely divided suspended solids) that can be ignited under almost all ambient

temperature conditions.

NFPA reactivity

: 0 - Normally stable, even under fire exposure conditions, and not reactive with water.



## Indication of changes: Product identifier.

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.

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